

One in a series of tip sheets about HEDIS® and other measures that contribute to star ratings of Medicare Advantage plans.

Polypharmacy: Use of Multiple Anticholinergic Medications in Older Adults (POLY-ACH)

Pharmacy Quality Alliance-endorsed performance measures

Did you know?

- Anticholinergics have also been associated with increased risk of dementia.
- Anticholinergic drugs may cause cognitive disorder symptoms which may be mistaken as normal manifestations of aging.
- Long-term continued use of anticholinergic drugs could induce brain changes partially comparable to those present in Alzheimer's disease.

Measure description

The percentage of patients with concurrent use of unique anticholinergic medications.

Measure population (denominator)

Patients \geq 65 years and older with two or more prescriptions filled for the same anticholinergic medication on different dates of service during the measurement year.

Measure compliance (numerator)

Patients with concurrent use of two or more unique anticholinergic medications filled for at least a 30-day supply on different dates of service.

NOTE: A lower rate indicates better performance

Antidepessant Medications		Antiemetic Medications	
amitriptylineamoxapineclomipramine	doxepin (>6 mg/day)imipraminenortriptyline	prochlorperazine	 promethazine
 desipramine paroxetine Antihistamine Medications		Antimuscarinic Medications (urinary incontin	
 brompheniramine chlorpheniramine cyproheptadine dimenhydrinate diphenhydramine (oral 	doxylaminehydroxyzinemeclizinetriprolidine	darifenacinfesoterodineflavoxateoxybutynin	solifenacintolterodinetrospium
Antiparkinsonian Agent Medications		Antipsychotic Medications	
• benztropine	 trihexyphenidyl 	chlorpromazineclozapine	olanzapineperphenazine
Antispasmodic Medications		Skeletal Muscle Relaxant	
atropine (excludes ophthalmic)clidinium-chlordiazepoxidedicyclomine	 homatropine (excludes ophthalmic) hyoscyamine scopolamine (excludes ophthalmic) 	cyclobenzaprine	 orphenadrine

Exclusions

• Received hospice services anytime during the measurement year

Helpful hints

- Avoid the use of anticholinergic medications in older adults without first considering safer alternatives or nondrug measures.
- Assess for side effects including confusion, dry mouth, blurry vision, constipation, urinary retention, decreased perspiration, and excess sedation.
- Discuss risks and side effects of anticholinergic medications
- Continue long-term co-prescribing only when necessary and monitor closely.

Resources

- 1. Pharmacy Quality Alliance (PQA). 2024. "PQA Quality Measures." pqaalliance.org/medication-safety
- 2. National Institutes of Health (NIH). 2019. "Anticholinergic Drugs in Geriatric Psychopharmacology." ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC6908498/
- 3. American Academy Family Physician (AAFP). 2024. "Don't recommend highly anticholinergic medications in older adults without first considering safer alternatives or non-drug measures." www.aafp.org/pubs/afp/collections/choosing-wisely/484.html

Pharmacy Quality Alliance (PQA) is a national quality organization dedicated to improving medication safety, adherence and appropriate use. PQA measures are included in the Medicare Part D Star Ratings.

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